



## S19-P

## SMART STAIR LED LIGHTING CONTROLLER model PREMIUM

USER MANUAL v5.2.4

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This equipment does not contain any hazardous ingredients that may have a particularly negative impact on the environment and human health.

## **1 PURPOSE**

S19-P is microprocessor controller for multi-spot 12V/24V LED lighting, intended for LED lighting of staircases (and other passageways), with a separate control of each lamp. The device turns on the consecutive LED lamps, and turns them off after a specified time. In the case of dimmable lamps, the turning on and off happens gradually and smoothly. The controller can also provide gentle backlight lighting as well as react to motion and dusk.

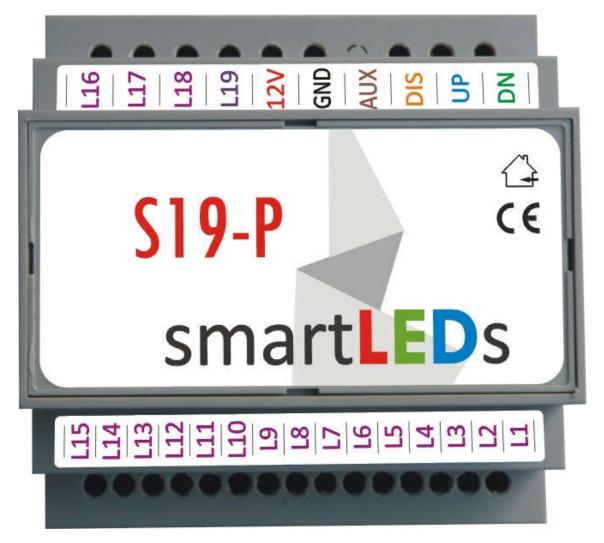
S19-P is equipped with:

- built-in configurator capable of setting 20 parameters, e.g. brightness; timing, speed, and smoothness of turning on/off; warning when the lights are about to turn off; and many more, which enables the users to set the device up according to their needs;
- integrated dusk switch (IDS) which disables the controller during daylight, with a light sensor that can be installed both indoors and outdoors.

## **2 DESCRIPTION**

## 2.1 Terminals

The controller's terminals are depicted below.



## 2.1.1 Power supply

The controller requires external power supply with regulated DC output, safety extra-low voltage (SELV) in the range of 8–24 V DC; it should also have a minimum current load of 100 mA. The power is supplied to the GND terminal (ground, minus) and the 12V terminal (plus).

**CAUTION!** Only use power supplies marked  $C \in$  and with galvanic separation between the output voltage and the mains supply.

## 2.1.2 Inputs

The controller has the following inputs:

- UP and DN ports which control upward and downward turning on of the lamps, and
- DIS port for disabling the controller, used for example for connecting the light sensor or an external switch.
- AUX control input/output, which, depending on the configuration of the AUX Input parameter, can be used to turn on the lights permanently or to synchronize blocking of two (or more) controllers.

The inputs should be fed with a potential-free signal of either connection (ZERO) or non-connection (ONE) to ground GND.

- **CAUTION!** The only external dusk sensors and clocks suitable for using with S19-P are those marked **C** and with galvanic insulation of the output voltage and the mains supply.
- **IMPORTANT!** During normal operation, the ZERO state of the UP input is indicated by the lighting of the RED signalling LED on the controller board, while the ZERO state of the DN input is indicated by the lighting of the GREEN signalling LED.

## 2.1.3 Outputs

S19-P has 19 outputs L1-L19 that control the LED lamps connected to them. Any LED lamps powered with SELV of up to 24 V DC can be used, provided that they are supplied from a DC SELV power supply (up to 24 V) with a galvanic insulation of the output voltage from the mains supply. The maximum current must not exceed 2 A per single output. The outputs should be connected to the negative terminal (cathode) of the LED lamps.

The outputs can be used either with dimmable LED lamps (smooth turning on/off, gentle backlight lighting), as well as non-dimmable (instantaneous turning on/off, no backlight lighting).

The last two outputs (L18 and L19) can be used as the Master lamp; this lamp is turned on first and turned off last.

## 2.2 Configurator

The parameters of S19-P may be set up with the integrated configurator (see Sec. 3).

## 2.3 Integrated dusk switch (IDS) with a light sensor

S19-P is equipped with an integrated dusk switch (IDS). The IDS disables the controller's operation during daylight, and is activated by connecting the light sensor to the DIS port and setting the threshold light level by configuring the **DIS input** parameter to a value between S1 and S10. The IDS responds only to long-term changes in light conditions, ignoring any short-term fluctuations. The light sensor may work

both outdoors and indoors, which makes it more convenient than external dusk sensors that work properly only when exposed to natural sunlight (any artificial light sources can cause malfunction of external dusk sensors).

## 2.4 Controller's operation

The default state of the controller is the standby state when no inputs are active. In this state dimmable lamps may be either off or on with gentle backlight; non-dimmable lamps are off. The controller is awaiting a signal either at the DIS port (which will disable the controller and turn all the lights off) or from any of the UP /DN inputs (which will start the lighting sequence).

## 2.4.1 Turning lamps on

The 'turning-on' phase consists of turning on consecutive lamps:

- from the first to the last, if the signal came from the UP input;
- from the last to the first, if the signal came from the DN input;

If another signal appears at the other input while the lamps are being turned on, the sequence will also start from the other side.

If applicable, the Master lamp is turned on first, either before or at the same time as the first lamp in the sequence. The smoothness of the turning on of the lamps can be set within a broad scope by setting the *Smoothness* parameter: from sharp to very smooth turning on.

## 2.4.2 Lights on

When the lights are on, they remain on for a time predefined by the **On time** parameter. The time extends when a new signal appears at any of the inputs.

## 2.4.3 Warning

When the time determined by the **On time** parameter passes, either the lights turn off (if the **Number of warnings** parameter is set to 0) or the controller enters the warning phase (if **Number of warnings** is greater than 0). The warning phase informs the user that the lights are about to turn off. The phase consists of a number of 'warning-waiting' cycles consisting of the warning and awaiting the user's reaction. The warning can be either a short dimming of all lights (a 'blink'), alternate dimming of the even and odd lamps (a 'flicker') or a dimming of one or two lamps moving back and forth (pendulum effect).

## 2.4.4 Turning lamps off

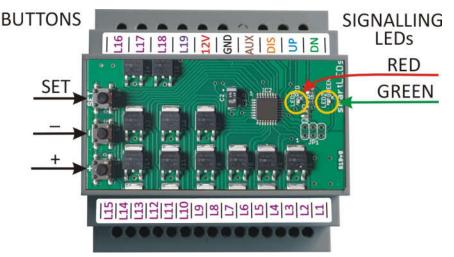
Turning off the lamps is defined as dimming the lights from the full brightness to the backlight level brightness.

The 'turning-off' phase is reversed with respect to the turning-on phase: the lamps are turned off either as they were turned on or in the reverse order (depending on the setting of the *Off direction* parameter). The Master lamp (if set) is turned off last. The smoothness of the turning off is the same as in the case of turning on, and set with the *Smoothness* parameter.

## **3 CONFIGURATION MANUAL**

## 3.1 Introduction

The controller is configured with the built-in Configurator shown below.



The Configurator consists of three configurational buttons (SET, '+', and '-'), and two signalling LEDs, RED and GREEN. The SET button increments the number of the parameter being set or exits the configuration procedure. The '+' and '-' buttons change the value of the parameter being set.

## 3.2 Configuration

To begin the configuration, follow the steps 3.2.1–3.2.2 below.

## 3.2.1 Get access to Configurator

Open the controller casing (by removing the front cover).

## 3.2.2 Put controller into configuration mode

Put the controller into the configuration mode by pressing and holding the SET button until both signalling diodes start blinking quickly (please be patient; it may take about 4 seconds); then release the SET button.

## 3.3 Setting configuration parameters

The configuration parameters are stored in the non-volatile memory (also after the device is switched off). The controller is shipped with the parameters preset to default values (see Table 1).

The parameters can be set in accordance with Table 1.

The configuration is done in a loop of 21 steps, setting one parameter per step in all the first 20 steps except the final one. The final step allows to either restart the configuration from step 1 or to finish the configuration. If the latter case, three options are given: (1) to save the new configuration, (2) to discard the new configuration, or (3) to restore the factory settings.

At each step the Configurator displays, through the signalling diodes, the step number and the present value of the parameter being set. The current value is communicated through a repeating series of flashes of the GREEN diode, in accordance with Table 1. At the same time, the step number is communicated by the number of flashes of the RED diode. To illustrate: a repeating single flash of the © APACHETA Smart Systems str. 5/16

RED diode means the parameter being set is the **Number of Lamps** (parameter no. 1), while 16 consecutive flashes in a series of the GREEN diode mean the current setting is '16 lamps.' To change the value of the parameter, use the '-' and '+' buttons (selecting the preceding or the next value from Table 1, respectively). Having set the value of the parameter (or when we want to leave its value unchanged), we move to the next step by pushing the SET button briefly (under 2 seconds).

Reaching the final (20th) step in the loop is signalled by the RED diode giving off a steady light. There are then two possibilities:

- To return to the beginning of the configuration loop, i.e. the first step, in order to repeat all the steps and correct the settings, press the SET button briefly (under 2 seconds).
- Choose the desired value of the *Decision?* parameter with the '-' and '+' buttons, then press and hold the SET button until both diodes switch off (>4s). Selecting the value SAVE will result in saving the new configuration in the non-volatile memory of the controller. Selecting the value QUIT will result in discarding the new configuration and restoring the previous configuration. Selecting the value RESTORE will bring back the factory defaults.
- **CAUTION!** Pressing the SET button briefly (under 2 seconds) will always advance the configuration process to the next step.
- **CAUTION!** Pressing and holding (for at least 4 seconds) the SET button (at every step except **Decision?**) or cutting off the power supply will cause the configuration process to exit without saving the new parameters.
- **CAUTION!** The built-in Configurator is capable of setting only the parameters shown in table 1.
- **CAUTION!** Pressing '+' when the maximum value is displayed moves the selection to the first value; and pressing '-' when the first value is displayed moves the selection to the maximum value.
- **CAUTION!** If no button is pressed for about 30 minutes, the controller will quit the configuration mode.
- **CAUTION!** Exiting the configuration with saving the new settings is possible only in the last step of the sequence (**Decision?**), with the value set to SAVE (default).

## 3.4 Parameters set by Configurator

**CAUTION!** Changing the parameters indicated as '[advanced]' substantially affects the operation of the controller, and it is recommended to change these with caution.

## 3.4.1 Number of lamps

The number of all the LED lamps (including the Master lamp).

## 3.4.2 Master lamp

Allows to decide whether the last lamp is to be used as a master lamp; if the Master lamp is dimmable; and if the Master lamp should be turned on one step before or together with the start of the lighting sequence.

#### **3.4.3** Number of warnings

The number of the 'warning-waiting' cycles; '0' means no warnings.

## 3.4.4 Warning type

The style the warning is displayed.

## 3.4.5 Step type

The pace of the turning on and off of the consecutive lamps in the sequence.

## 3.4.6 Off direction

The order of turning off the consecutive lamps (the same as the turning on or the opposite).

## 3.4.7 Smoothness

The smoothness of the dimming/brightening of the lamps. This parameter determines the visual effect of the dimming/brightening: low values of smoothness make the process energetic, while high values make it smooth and gentle. There are seven values to choose from. In the case of non-dimmable lamps the parameter must be set to 0; then there is no backlight lighting and the turning on and off proceeds in a one-by-one switching fashion.

## 3.4.8 Brigthness

The brightness of the LED lamps.

**CAUTION!** While this parameter is being set, lamps L1 and L2 are lit with intensities corresponding to the values of the **Brightness** and **Backlight lighting** parameters, respectively.

## 3.4.9 Backlight lighting

The brightness of the backlight lighting of the LED lamps during stand-by, expressed as the percentage of the brightness set by the *Brightness* parameter.

**CAUTION!** While this parameter is being set, lamps L1 and L2 are lit with intensities corresponding to the values of the **Backlight lighting** and **Brightness** parameters, respectively.

## 3.4.10 Master brightness

The brightness of the Master lamp.

**CAUTION!** While setting this parameter, the last lamp (L19) is lit with a brightness corresponding to this parameter.

#### 3.4.11 Master backlight

The stand-by backlight value of the Master lamp (expressed as a percentage of the Master brightness parameter).

**CAUTION!** While setting this parameter, the last lamp (L19) is lit with a brightness corresponding to this parameter.

## 3.4.12 Turning-on time

The time elapsed between the start of the first and the last lamp turning on.

## 3.4.13 On time

Determines how long the lamps remain on.

#### 3.4.14 Warning time

The duration of a single warning.

## 3.4.15 Waiting time

Determines the 'waiting' time of the 'warning-waiting' cycle, when the controller awaits the user's reaction after a warning.

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## 3.4.16 Turning-off time

The time elapsed between the start of the first and the last lamp turning off.

## 3.4.17 Active level [advanced]

The level (ZERO or ONE) defined as the active state at the controller inputs.

**CAUTION!** An input left floating has the value ONE. Setting the active level to ONE while an input is left floating will result in a permanent active state.

## 3.4.18 2. DIS input [advanced]

Determines what is done with the active state at the DIS input. The possible parameters are: BLOCK, UNBLOCK, TOGGLE, and S1, S2, ..., S10. Selecting one of the values S1–S10 activates the built-in dusk switch. The values from S1 (darkest) to S10 (brightest) determine the external light threshold of the dusk sensor above which the switch blocks the controller.

- **CAUTION!** Setting the parameter to one of S1, ..., S10 with the sensor disconnected will result in the controller not being blocked during daylight.
- **CAUTION!** For the built-in dusk switch to work correctly, it is necessary to connect the enclosed sensor to the DIS terminal.
- **CAUTION!** Setting the parameter to TOGGLE allows for controlling the DIS input manually with a pushbutton. With this setting, the controller by default starts in the active state when the power supply is turned on.
- **CAUTION!** The default settings of the parameters **Active level** and **DIS input** are appropriate when the DIS port is left floating.

## 3.4.19 AUX input/output [advanced]

Function realized by the AUX input/output. Possible values: INPUT ON, OUTPUT BLK. The value of INPUT ON activates the function of lighting permanently with a switch (or 2 SPDT switches) connected to the AUX input/output. The value OUTPUT BLK changes the AUX lead to an output with which other smartLEDs controllers can be blocked at the same time as this controller is blocked, for example, with the built-in dusk switch.

## 3.4.20 Extended input filtering [advanced]

Allows increasing the immunity of the controller inputs to interference by extending the input filtering time.

**CAUTION!** By default, the controller recognises a change in the input status if the new status lasts continuously for at least 0.1s. With extended input filtering, the controller recognises a change only after a new signal has lasted continuously for at least 0.4s.

## 3.4.21 Decision?

This is the final step in the configuration process. Pressing the SET button briefly (< 2 s) restarts the configuration process. Pressing it longer (> 4 s) exits the configurator. Choosing the SAVE option and pressing the SET button long exits the configurator with the new configuration saved. Selecting the QUIT option and then pressing the SET button long results in abandoning the configuration and restoring the prior settings. Similarly for the RESTORE option: the configuration process will be halted and the factory settings brought back. str. 8/16

**CAUTION!** To confirm the selected option (SAVE, QUIT, or RESTORE), press the SET button and hold for at least 4 s until both signalling diodes turn off.

Parameter Start of configuration Number of lamps Master lamp	Value Value 3 4  18 19 NO BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN BRIGHTEN BEFORE	RED diode (# of flashes) fast blinking until SET released 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	GREEN diode (# of flashes) fast blinking until SET released 3 4  18 <u>19</u> <u>not flashing</u> 1	Remarks SET button pressed for >4s SET button pressed for >4s 3 lamps 4 lamps 18 lamps 19 lamps 19 lamps Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
configuration Number of lamps	4  18 <b>19</b> MO BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	until SET released	until SET released 3 4  18 <u>19</u> <u>not flashing</u> 1	3 lamps 4 lamps 18 lamps 19 lamps Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
lamps	4  18 <b>19</b> MO BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	1 1 1 1 1 2 2	3 4  18 <u>19</u> <u>not flashing</u> 1	4 lamps 18 lamps 19 lamps no Master lamp Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
	4  18 <b>19</b> MO BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	1 1 1 1 2 2	4  18 <u>19</u> <u>not flashing</u> 1	4 lamps 18 lamps 19 lamps no Master lamp Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
Master lamp	4  18 <b>19</b> MO BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	1 1 1 1 2 2	4  18 <u>19</u> <u>not flashing</u> 1	4 lamps 18 lamps 19 lamps no Master lamp Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
Master lamp	 18 <u>19</u> <u>NO</u> BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	1 1 1 2 2	 18 <u>19</u> <u>not flashing</u> 1	18 lamps 19 lamps no Master lamp Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
Master lamp	18 <b>19</b> <b>NO</b> BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	1 1 2 2	18 <u>19</u> <u>not flashing</u> 1	19 lamps no Master lamp Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
Master lamp	<u>19</u> <u>NO</u> BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	1 2 2	<u>19</u> not flashing 1	19 lamps no Master lamp Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
Master lamp	<u>NO</u> BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	2	not flashing	no Master lamp Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
Master lamp	BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	2	1	Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
	BRIGHTEN TOGETHER BRIGHTEN	2	1	Master dimmable, brightened together with the first lamp
	TOGETHER BRIGHTEN			together with the first lamp
		2		
		-	2	Master dimmable, brightened before the first lamp
	SWITCH TOGETHER	2	3	Master not dimmable, turned on together with the first lamp
	SWITCH BEFORE	2	4	Master not dimmable, turned on before the first lamp
Number of warnings				
	0	3	not flashing	no warnings
	<u>1</u>	3	<u>1</u>	1 warning
	2	3	2	2 warnings
	3	3	3	3 warnings
	4	3	4	4 warnings
	5	3	5	5 warnings
	6	3	6	6 warnings
	7	3	7	7 warnings
Warning type				
	BLINK	4	not flashing	dimming of all lamps
	PICO	4	1	very fast flicker
	<u>NANO</u>	4	<u>2</u>	fast flicker
	MICRO	4	3	medium flicker
	MILI	4	4	slow flicker
	BOB	4	5	dimming of one lamp moving back and forth
	SWING	4	6	dimming of two lamps moving back and forth
Step type				

				c · · · / · · ·
	SLOW-DOWN	5	not flashing	pace of turning on/off of consecutive lamps slows down
				pace of turning on/off of
	<u>CONSTANT</u>	5	1	consecutive lamps is constant
				pace of turning on/off of
	SPEED-UP	5	2	consecutive lamps speeds up
Off direction				
				turning off in opposite direction as
	BACKWARD	6	not flashing	turning on in opposite direction as
				turning off in the same direction as
	FORWARD	6	1	turning on in the same direction as
Smoothness				5
	0	7	not flashing	not dimmable lamps
	1	7	1	sharp brightening/dimming
	2	7	2	
	3	7	3	
	4	7	4	smooth brightening/dimming
	5	7	5	
	6	7	6	
	7	7	7	very smooth brightening/dimming
Brightness				
	40%	8	6	40% max brightness
	50%	8	7	50% max brightness
	60%	8	8	60% max brightness
	70%	8	9	70% max brightness
	80%	8	10	80% max brightness
	90%	8	11	90% max brightness
	100%	8	<u>12</u>	100% max brightness
Backlight				
lighting				
	<u>0%</u>	9	<u>not flashing</u>	no backlight lighting
	2%	9	1	2% brightness
	5%	9	2	5% brightness
	10%	9	3	10% brightness
	20%	9	4	20% brightness
	30%	9	5	30% brightness
	40%	9	6	40% brightness
	50%	9	7	50% brightness
	60%	9	8	60% brightness
	70%	9	9	70% brightness
	80%	9	10	80% brightness
	90%	9	11	90% brightness
Master				
brightness		4.0		
	40%	10	6	40% max brightness
	50%	10	7	40% max brightness
	60%	10	8	60% max brightness
	70%	10	9	70% max brightness

	80%	10	10	80% max brightness
	90%	10	10	90% max brightness
	<u>100%</u>	10	<u>11</u>	100% max brightness
Master	10078	10	<u>12</u>	
backlight				
DUCKIIGIIL	0%	11	not flashing	no backlight lighting
	2%	11	1	2% Master brightness
	5%	11	2	5% Master brightness
	10%	11	3	10% Master brightness
	20%	11	4	20% Master brightness
	30%	11	4	30% Master brightness
	40%	11	6	40% Master brightness
	50%	11	7	40% Master brightness
	<u> </u>	11	8	60% Master brightness
	70%	11	9	70% Master brightness
	80%	11	10	80% Master brightness
	90%	11	10	90% Master brightness
	100%	11	12	100% Master brightness
Turning-on time	100/0	**	12	
	Os	12	not flashing	simultaneous turning on
	0,4s	12	1	turning-on time: 0,4s
	1s	12	2	turning-on time: 1s
	2s	12	3	turning-on time: 2s
	<u>3s</u>	12	4	turning-on time: 3s
	4s	12	5	turning-on time: 4s
	6s	12	6	turning-on time: 6s
	<u>9s</u>	12	<u>7</u>	turning-on time: 9s
	12s	12	8	turning-on time: 12s
	18s	12	9	turning-on time: 18s
	24s	12	10	turning-on time: 24s
On time				
	Os	13	not flashing	no lights-on phase
	4s	13	1	on time: 4s
	10s	13	2	on time: 10s
	20s	13	3	on time: 20s
	<u>30s</u>	13	<u>4</u>	on time: 30s
	40s	13	5	on time: 40s
	60s	13	6	on time: 1min.
	90s	13	7	on time: 1,5min.
	120s	13	8	on time: 2min.
	180s	13	9	on time: 3min.
	240s	13	10	on time: 4min.
Warning time				
-	Os	14	not flashing	no warning
	0,4s	14	1	warning time: 0,4s
	<u>1s</u>	14	<u>2</u>	warning time: 1s
	2s	14	3	warning time: 2s
	3s	14	4	warning time: 3s

	1			
	4s	14	5	warning time: 4s
	6s	14	6	warning time: 6s
	9s	14	7	warning time: 9s
	12s	14	8	warning time: 12s
	18s	14	9	warning time: 18s
	24s	14	10	warning time: 24s
Waiting time				
	Os	15	not flashing	no waiting
	0,4s	15	1	waiting time: 0,4s
	1s	15	2	waiting time: 1s
	2s	15	3	waiting time: 2s
	3s	15	4	waiting time: 3s
	<u>4s</u>	15	<u>5</u>	waiting time: 4s
	<u>6s</u>	15	6	waiting time: 6s
	9s	15	7	waiting time: 9s
	12s	15	8	waiting time: 12s
	18s	15	9	waiting time: 18s
	24s	15	10	waiting time: 24s
Turning-off time				
	Os	16	not flashing	simultaneous turning-off
	0,4s	16	1	turning-off time: 0,4s
	1s	16	2	turning-off time: 1s
	2s	16	3	turning-off time: 2s
	3s	16	4	turning-off time: 3s
	4s	16	5	turning-off time: 4s
	6s	16	6	turning-off time: 6s
	9s	16	7	turning-off time: 9s
	12s	16	8	turning-off time: 12s
	<u>18s</u>	16	9	turning-off time: 18s
	24s	16	10	turning-off time: 24s
Active level				
	ZERO	17	not flashing	connected to GND
	ONE	17	1	disconnected from GND
DIS input	ONL	17	±	
	DISABLE	18	not flashing	active level of DIS disables the controller
	ENABLE	18	1	active level of DIS enables the controller
				active level of DIS input toggles
	TOGGLE	18	2	disable/enable
	\$1	18	3	threshold brightness S1 (10Lx)
				<b>e</b> . ,
	S2	18	4	threshold brightness S2 (20Lx)
	<u>\$3</u>	18	5	threshold brightness S3 (30Lx)
	S4	18	6	threshold brightness S4 (40Lx)
	S5	18	7	threshold brightness S5 (60Lx)
	S6	18	8	threshold brightness S6 (100Lx)
	S7	18	9	threshold brightness S7 (140Lx)

S8	18	10	threshold brightness S8 (200Lx)
S9	18	11	threshold brightness S9 (260Lx)
S10	18	12	threshold brightness S10 (350Lx)
INPUT ON	19	<u>not flashing</u>	switching on permanently (input)
OUTPUT BLK	19	1	blocking other controllers (output)
<u>NO</u>	20	<u>not flashing</u>	normal input filtering (0.1s)
YES	20	1	extended input filtering (0.4s)
	on	any	SET pressed <2s – continue
	OII	any	configuration – move to step 1
			SET pressed >4s (until GREEN diode
<u>SAVE</u>	on	<u>1</u>	stops blinking) – save new settings
			and finish configuration
			SET pressed >4s (until GREEN diode
QUIT	on	2	stops blinking) – quit configuration
			without saving new settings
			SET pressed >4s (until GREEN diode
RESTORE	on	3	stops blinking) – restore factory
			settings and finish configuration
	free	free	",+" ",-" and SET buttons released
	S9 S10 <u>INPUT ON</u> OUTPUT BLK <u>NO</u> YES <u>SAVE</u>	S9       18         S10       18         S10       18         INPUT ON       19         OUTPUT BLK       19         NO       20         YES       20         SAVE       on         QUIT       on         RESTORE       on	S9       18       11         S10       18       12         S10       18       12         INPUT ON       19       not flashing         OUTPUT BLK       19       1         NO       20       not flashing         YES       200       1         SAVE       0n       any         QUIT       On       2         RESTORE       On       3

## 4 Technical specifications

100mA, SELV		
10mA (average)		
120mW (at 12V power supply)		
19		
24V DC (max)		
ax)		
, indoors		
to +45°C		
5mm (5 modules)		
rail		

## **5** Installation instructions

The S19-P controller is a versatile device with numerous possible applications.

- **CAUTION!** Installing the controller requires technical knowledge and experience and should be carried out by a qualified person. Connection of the power supply to the mains may only be done by a qualified electrician.
- **CAUTION!** All installation proceedings should be carried out with the power supply disconnected. The voltage may only be turned on once it has been ensured all connections are correct.
- **CAUTION!** A particular caution is advised when connecting the control inputs (UP, DN, DIS). These are potential-free inputs and <u>no</u> voltage should be applied to them as it <u>may result in burning of the controller</u>. Please ensure that any control device (e.g. motion sensors, including those powered with 12V) do not apply any voltage onto these inputs.
- **CAUTION!** We advise particular caution also when connecting the controller's outputs. Before connecting the output circuits (LED lamps) please ensure there are no short circuits. A short circuit (or overload) at any of the outputs <u>may result in burning of the controller</u>.

The installation should follow this order:

- 1 Connect all LED lamps / LED strips and the power supply to the controller. For now, do not connect anything to the controller inputs (UP, DN, DIS).
- 2 Check if all connections are correct and faultless: if carried out in accordance with the installation diagram, if there are no short nor open circuits, if the polarity is set correctly, etc.
- 3 Insulate the connections.
- 4 Turn the power on. All LED lamps/strips should dim to the backlight level (default: 0% brightness).
- 5 Connect the OUT output of the lower DELTA sensor to the UP input. Remove the sensor cover. Detection of a person by the DELTA sensor is signalled by the lighting of the green LED on the front of the sensor and should cause smooth switching on of consecutive lamps from L1 to L19, and after about 30 seconds from the end of the detection by the sensor, the lights should smoothly dim (to the backlight level).
- 6 Repeat the operation from p. 5 for the DOWN sensor.
- 7 The next step is connecting the light probe, switch or timer to the DIS input. The probe, switch and timer have 2 output terminals: one should be connected to GND and the other one to the DIS input of the stair controller, in accordance with the assembly diagram. In case of light probe, in order to activate the internal dusk switch (IDS), it is necessary to change the *DIS input* parameter to one of the values from S1 (darkest) to S10 (brightest). Depending on the brightness detected the IDS should switch the controller to active (if it's dark) or blocked (if it's bright) state, with certain delay.
- 8 In the last step, if necessary, configure other controller parameters, especially *Number of lamps*.

Remember to make any manipulations and changes in the installation with the power off. Even a shortterm occurrence of voltage on the wrong outlet of the controller can permanently damage the controller, and such damage is not covered by the warranty. Turn the power on only when you are sure that everything is connected properly.

5.1 EXAMPLE DIAGRAM (next page). Typical staircase installation of S19-P, with a common power supply for the controller, sensors and lamps; with an optional Master lamp; controlled by staircase sensors DELTA; with the built-in dusk sensor; and with the option to light the lamps permanently.

Assumptions:

- 19 groups of LED staircase lamps
- o potional Master lamp (L19 and L18, if not used as ordinary lamps) as the ceiling/wall light or handrail backlight (e.g. LED strip)
- o common power supply of the controller, DELTA sensors and LED lamps (8-24 VDC)
- o automatic turning on the lights by DELTA sensors
- o option: permanent steady lighting with additional SPDT switches
- blocking the controller during daylight with a built-in dusk switch.

